英 語 解 答 用 紙

受験番号

(注意) 解答用紙は3ページあります。

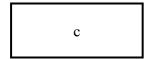
1 問1

I	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)
	С	ь	ь	С	ь	ь	d

問 2

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
С	ь	a	ь	С	d	ь

問 3



問 4

1	2	3	4	5
i	g	c	e	a

得	点

2 問 1

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)
ь	С	С	d	ь	d	С

問 2

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
С	ь	a	ь	С

問3

-1 C				
	a	e	g	i

3

問 1

(1)	(2)	(3)
1 <u>o c a 1</u>	r <u>e c o m m e n d</u>	p <u>e r s o n</u>
(4)	(5)	(6)
p <u>r e t t y</u>	a <u>d v i c e</u>	p <u>l e a s u r e</u>

問2

(X)	(Y)
d	c

From this graph, it is possible to see that when breakfast is provided to college students, close to 70% of
students eat it almost every day. In contrast, when college students live alone, the majority do not eat breakfast
on at least two days of the week. Indeed, over 25% of such students hardly ever eat it.
As for the reasons for these trends, most college students living alone are unlikely to prepare breakfast
just for themselves. They may also stay up and wake up later than other students, leaving no time to eat
breakfast before they go to college.
There could also be psychological reasons why college students who live alone do not eat breakfast. Many
people lose their appetite when they have to eat alone. Because of this, they may be less likely to eat breakfast
than those that eat with their parents or in a dormitory cafeteria. (150 語)